# Project X Initial Configuration Document

Paul Derwent AAC Meeting February 3, 2009



# Role of the Initial Configuration Document



- What is its role?
  - Projects have to work within context of DoE order 413.3a (a 54 page document)
  - Program and Project Management for the acquisition of Capital Assets
  - Critical Decision path
- Input to CD-0 "Approve Mission Need"
  - R&D and Conceptual Planning
  - "A Mission Need Statement is the translation of this gap into functional requirements that cannot be met through other than material means. It should describe the general parameters of the project, how it fits within the mission of the Program, and why it is critical to the overall accomplishment of the Department mission, including the benefits to be realized. The mission need is independent of a particular solution, and should not be defined by equipment, facility, technological solution, or physical end-item. This approach allows the Program the flexibility to explore a variety of solutions and not limit potential solutions."
- but we also need a cost range!!!!! so we need a configuration to cost



### **Mission Need**



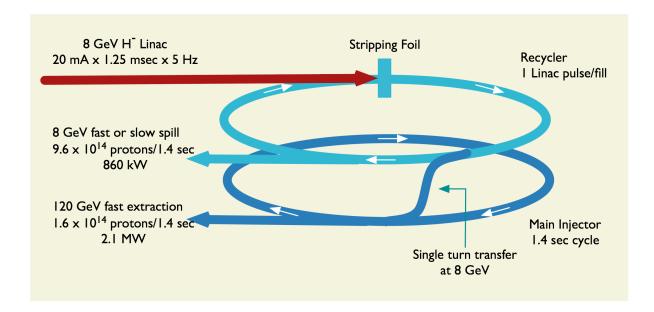
- The P5 report identifies mission need based on:
  - A neutrino beam for long baseline neutrino oscillation experiments.
     A new 2 megawatt proton source with proton energies between 50 and 120 GeV would produce intense neutrino beams, directed toward a large detector located in a distant underground laboratory.
  - Kaon and muon based precision experiments exploiting 8 GeV protons from Fermilab's Recycler, running simultaneously with the neutrino program.
    - These could include a world leading muon-to-electron conversion experiment and world leading rare kaon decay experiments.
  - A path toward a muon source for a possible future neutrino factory and, potentially, a muon collider at the Energy Frontier.
     This path requires that the new 8 GeV proton source have significant upgrade potential.





#### Project X Design Criteria

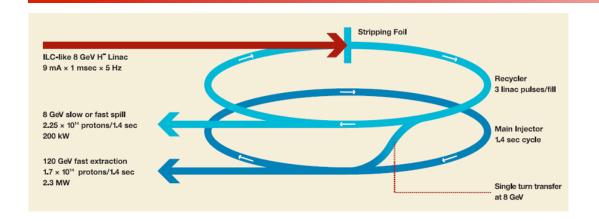
- 2 MW of beam power over the range 60 − 120 GeV;
- Simultaneous with at least 150 kW of beam power at 8 GeV;
- Compatibility with future upgrades to 2-4 MW at 8 GeV





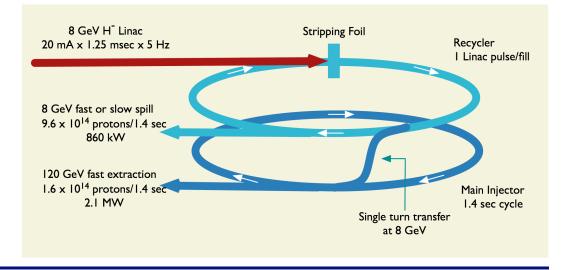
# **Comparisons**





# Steering Group Project X

# Initial Configuration Document





# **Project X** Performance Goals



Linac	Particle Type	H-
	Beam Kinetic Energy	8 GeV
	Particles per pulse	1.6 x 10 <sup>14</sup>
	Pulse Rate	5 Hz
	Beam Power	1 MW
Recycler	Particle Type	Proton
	Beam Kinetic Energy	8 GeV
	Particles per cycle to MI	1.6 x 10 <sup>14</sup>
	Particles per cycle to 8 GeV program	1.6 x 10 <sup>14</sup>
	Beam Power to 8 GeV program	140 – 860 kW
Main Injector	Beam Kinetic Energy (max)	120 GeV
	Cycle Time (120 GeV)	1.4 sec
	Particles per cycle	1.6 x 10 <sup>14</sup>
	Beam Power at 120 GeV	2.1 MW

#### Initially:

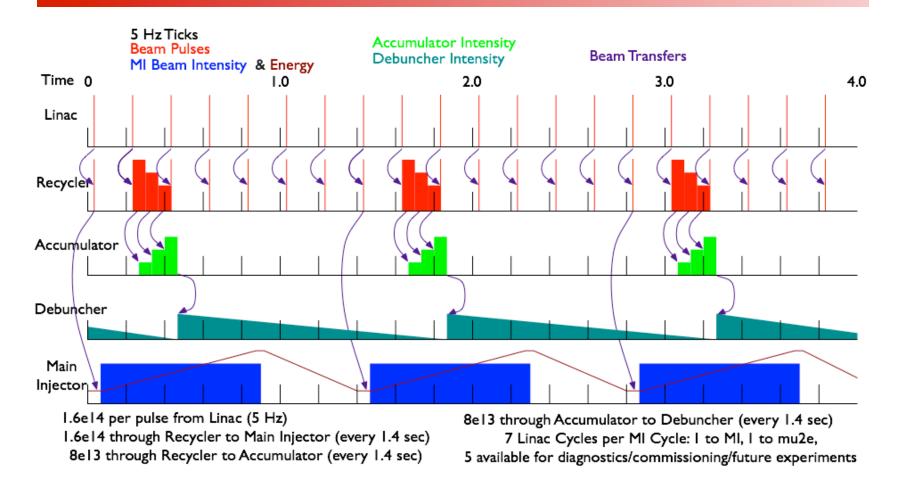
2 linac beam pulses/ 1.4 seconds Remaining (5) pulses available for

- Maintain 2 MW down to 60 GeV
- Future upgrades
- Diagnostics



# Project X Operational Scenario







# **Initial Parameters**



Req. No.	Description	Req.	Unit		Reference	e Requirement	ts
1.0	General						
1.1	120 GeV Beam Power	2.1	MW				
1.2	Total Linac Beam Power	1.0	MW				
1.3	Available (outside of MI) Linac Beam Power	0.9	MW				
1.4	Available (outside of MI) Duty Factor	86	%				
1.5	120 GeV Availability	75	%				
1.6	8 GeV Availability	80	%				
2.0	325 MHz Linac						
2.1	Average Beam Current	20	mA	1.2			
2.2	Pulse Length	1.25	msec	1.2			
2.3	Repetition rate	5	Hz	1.2			
2.4	325 MHz Availability	98	%	1.6			
2.5	Peak RF Current	31.9	mA	2.1	2.11	2.13	2.14
2.6	Final Energy	420	MeV	3.7			
2.7	Energy Variation (rms)	1	96	3.11			
2.8	Bunch Phase jitter (rms)	1	degree	3.12			
2.9	Linac Species	H-		4.1			
2.10	Transverse Emittance (95% normalized)	2.5	π-mm-mrad	5.7	5.8		
2.11	Macro Bunch Duty Factor	67	96	5.10	5.12		
2.12	Macro Bunch Frequency	53	MHz	5.12			
2.13	Micro Pulse Length	10.4	microsec	5.13			
2.14	Micro Pulse Period	11.1	microsec	5.13			
3.0	1300 MHz Linac						
3.1	Average Gradient (ILC portion)	25	MV/meter				
3.2	Average Gradient (S-ILC portion)	23	MV/meter				
3.3	Average Beam Current	20	mA	1.2			
3.4	Pulse Length	1.25	msec	1.2			
3.5	Repetition rate	5	Hz	1.2			
3.6	1300 MHz Availability	88	96	1.6			
3.7	Initial Energy	420	MeV	2.6			
3.8	Length (approx.)	700	meters	3.1	3.13		
3.9	Peak RF Current	31.9	mA	3.3	3.15	3.17	3.18
3.10	Linac Species	H-		4.1			
3.11	Energy Variation (rms)	1	96	4.9			
3.12	Bunch Phase jitter (rms)	1	degree	4.9			
3.13	Final Energy	8	GeV	4.10			
3.14	Transverse Emittance (95% normalized)	2.5	π-mm-mrad	5.7	5.8		
3.15	Macro Bunch Duty Factor	67	96	5.10	5.12		
3.16	Macro Bunch Frequency	53	MHz	5.12			
3.17	Micro Pulse Length	10.4	microsec	5.13			
3.18	Micro Pulse Period	11.1	microsec	5.13			



# **Initial Parameters**



4.0	Transfer Line	1	I			
4.1	Injection Stripping efficiency	98	96			
4.2	Length (approx.)	1000	meters			
4.3	Maximum Average activation level	20	mrem/hr			
4.4	Availability	98	96	1.6		
4.5	Momentum Aperture	+/- 0.75	96	3.11		
4.6	Minimum Transverse Aperture	25	π-mm-mrad	3.14	4.3	
4.7	Maximum Dipole Field	0.05	Т	4.1	4.3	
4.8	Transfer Efficiency	99.99	96	4.3		
4.9	Final Energy Variation	+/- 0.11	96	5.10		
4.10	Energy	8	GeV	5.1		
5.0	Recycler					
5.1	Energy	8	GeV			
5.2	Storage Efficiency	99.5	96			
5.3	Average Recycler Beam Current	0.6	A	1.2	Not su	re how this is defined
5.4	Availability	95	%	1.6		
5.5	Injection Rate	5	Hz	2.3		
5.6	Maximum Space Charge Tune Shift	0.05		5.2		
5.7	95% normalized transverse emittance	25	π-mm-mrad	5.6		
5.8	r.m.s. normalized transverse emittance	13	π-mm-mrad	5.6		
5.9	Bunching factor	2		5.6		
5.10	Longitudinal emittance per Bunch	0.5	eV-Sec	5.6	5.12	
5.11	Cycle Time	1.4	sec	6.1	3.12	
5.12	RF Frequency	53	MHz	6.2		
5.13	Abort Gap Length	700	nsec	6.3		
5.14	Peak Recycler Beam Current	2.36	A	6.5		
6.0	Main Injector	2.30	^	0.5		
6.1	120 GeV cycle Time	1.4	sec			
6.2	RF Frequency	53	MHz			
6.3	Abort Gap Length	700	nsec			
6.4	Acceleration Efficiency	99	%			
6.5	Main Injector Beam Current	2.36	A	1.1		
6.6	Final Energy	120	GeV	1.1		
6.7	120 GeV Beam Power	2.1	MW	1.1		
		87	MVV %			
6.8	Availability		% GeV	1.5 5.1		
6.9	Injection Energy	0.5	eV-Sec	6.2	6.11	
6.10	Longitudinal emittance per Bunch		ev-Sec		6.11	
6.11	Space Charge Tune Shift	0.05		6.4		
6.12	95% normalized transverse emittance	25	π-mm-mrad π-mm-mrad	6.11		
6.13	r.m.s. normalized transverse emittance	13	π-mm-mrad	6.11		
6.14	Bunching factor	2		6.11		
7.0	8 GeV Extraction					
7.1	Fast Extraction Rate	15	Hz			
7.2	Fast Extraction Pulse Length	1.6	microsec			
7.3	Cycle Time	0.2	sec			



# Facility Scope and Assumptions



#### **Facility Scope**

- An 8 GeV superconducting linac
  - 325 MHz section to 420 MeV
  - 1.3 GHz section to 8 GeV
- Beam line for transport to Recycler
- Modifications to Recycler for Hinjection and transfer to MI
- Modifications to Main Injector to support acceleration and extraction of high intensity beams

#### **Assumptions**

- Existing linac and booster no longer operational
- Existing Tevatron no longer operational (cryo systems available)
- Existing test beam facility in Meson continues at low duty factor
- Existing antiproton source reconfigured and operating in support of μ2e
- A neutrino beamline directed towards DUSEL operating



## **Linac Layout**



#### Project X 1000 kW 8GeV Linac

28 Klystrons (2 types) 461 SC Cavities 58 Cryomodules

#### 325 MHz 0.12-0.42 GeV

3 Klystrons (JPARC 2.5 MW) 42 Triple Spoke Resonators 7 Cryomodules

#### **Front End Linac** 325 MHz 0-10 MeV 2.5 MW JPARC 1 Klystron (JPARC 2.5 MW) Modulator Klystron 16 RT Cavities Multi-Cavity Fanout Phase and Amplitude Cont 325 MHz 10-120 MeV RT SSR1 SSR1 SSR2 SSR2 SSR2 1 Klystron (JPARC 2.5 MW) H 51 Single Spoke Resonators 9 or 11 Cavites / Cryomodule 5 Crvomodules Modulator Modulator Modulator TSR TSR TSR TSR TSR TSR TSR

6 Cavites-6 quads / Cryomodule

- ICD states 7 325 MHz Klystrons
- Picture has 5
- ICD states 7 S-ILC **CMs**
- Picture has 8
- **Editorial mistake!**

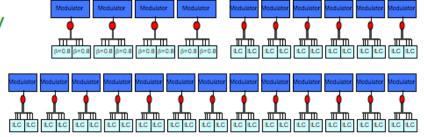
#### 1300 MHz

4 Klystrons (ILC 10 MW MBK) 64 Squeezed Cavities ( $\beta$ =0.81) 8 Cryomodules

#### 1.3-8.0 GeV 1300 MHz

19 Klystrons (ILC 10 MW MBK) 304 ILC-identical Cavities 38 ILC-like Cryomodules

## 0.42-1.3 GeV 1300 MHz LINAC

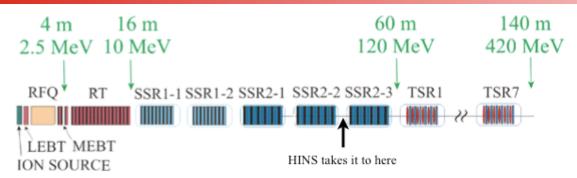


- latest analysis: 8 325 MHz klystrons necessary
- Maybe 11 Cavities/ CM for  $\beta$ =0.8 ?



### 325 MHz Linac





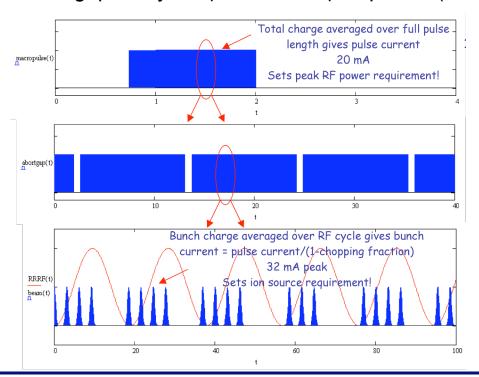
- 50 keV H<sup>-</sup> ion source
- 2.5 MeV RFQ
- Medium Energy Beam Transport
  - 2 rebuncher RF cavities
  - 3 solenoids
  - Beam chopper
- Room temperature cavities interspersed with SC solenoids to 10 MeV

- β = 0.22 single-spoke resonator SC cavities to 30 MeV
- $\beta$  = 0.4 single-spoke resonator SC cavities to 120 MeV
- β = 0.6 triple-spoke resonator SC cavities to 420 MeV
- Vector Modulators throughout -multiple cavities per klystron

# **Project X** Linac beam structure



- Beam chopper has to match:
  - 53 MHz structure for Recycler/Main Injector
  - 700 nsec gap every 11.1 μsec for the Recycler/Main Injector kickers
  - 75 nsec gap every 1.6 μsec for the μ2e pulses (fast kickers)



- 1.25 msec linac beam pulse 4 msec full scale
- Linac beam chopped for 700 nsec abort gap 40 µsec full scale

Linac 325 MHz beam chopped for RR RF Multiple linac bunches per 53 MHz RR RF cycle 100 nsec full scale

# Project X

### 1300 MHz Linac



- 0.42-1.3 GeV  $\beta$ =0.81 Section:
  - S-ILC: same frequency, shorter cavity
  - Needs to be developed!
- ILC Type 4 Cryomodules β=1 Section
  - Same CM everywhere
  - 8 cavities, 1 quad
  - 25 MV/m
  - 2 CM/klystron (instead of 3)
- Linac Parameters:
  - 25 MV/m, 1.5 msec pulse, 5 Hz
  - 20 mA, 1.25 msec flattop

- 10 MW multi beam klystron
  - Developed for ILC
- Keep coupler power at 500 kW max
  - Average power < 5 kW</li>
- Handle voltage transients
  - 53 MHz spacing
  - Kicker gaps every 11 μsec

# Project X Cavity and Klystron Counts

	Cavities	Cryomodules	Klystrons
SSR (2 types)	51	5	3
			2.5 MW
TSR	42	7	3
			2.5 MW
S-ILC	64	8	4
			10 MW MultiBeam
ILC	304	38	19
			10 MW MultiBeam
Total	461	58	28



### **Transfer Line**



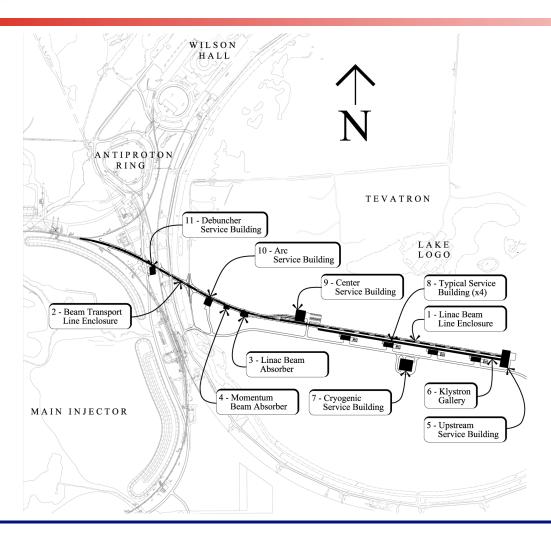
- Linac output to MI Tunnel
  - ~1 km
  - Cryo shield -- mitigate blackbody stripping
  - <500 G fields -- mitigate magnetic stripping
- Collimation
  - Transverse: large amplitude
  - Momentum: off momentum
- Losses < 1W/m => >99.9% transmission efficiency!

- Multi-turn injection system
  - 1.25 msec = 110 turns in Recycler
  - Thin foil stripping
- Transverse & Longitudinal Painting
  - K-V distribution
  - Minimize space charge tune shift in Recycler and Main Injector (< 0.05)</li>
- Elevation matched to MI elevation.
  - Shielding
  - Interferences with existing enclosures
  - Line longer! Vertical bend to reach Recycler!



# **Site Layout**







## Rings



#### Recycler

- Proton ring with single turn transfer to MI: already done for Nova
- Lattice Modifications for injection
- 53 MHz and 106 MHz RF for capture
- Fast extraction for μ2e
  - Move Nova injection kicker
- Electron cloud mitigation
  - Coat beam pipe?

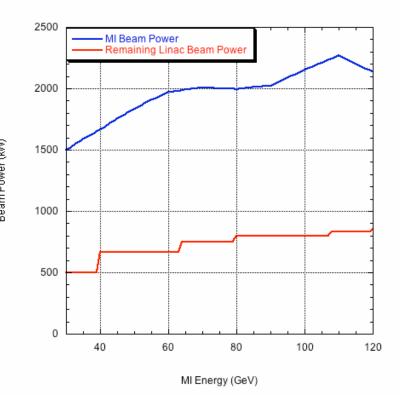
#### Main Injector

- Single turn injection from Recycler
- ~3x Intensity of Nova era
- 53 MHz and 106 MHz RF
  - Increase bucket area for acceleration
  - 53 MHz design exists, 106 MHz does not
- Electron cloud mitigation
  - Coat beam pipe?
- Matched  $\gamma_t$  jump (W. Chou et al., PAC 1997)
  - 8 pulsed quad triplets
  - 2 units in 0.5 msec (16x faster)

# Project X Main Injector Beam Power



- Optimum energy for long baseline neutrino program?
  - Deliver > 2 MW for extracted beam energies > 60 GeV (1.8 MW at 50 GeV)
    - ➤ Varying the MI cycle time
    - ➤ Holding beam in the Recycler to match 5 Hz from linac
  - Deliver > 500 kW for 8 GeV beam



# Project X

### **Additional Pieces**



#### Conventional Facilities

- Tunnels
- Service buildings
- Site prep
- Utilities
- **–** ...

#### Controls

- Time Stamping
- Machine Protection
- ~1 M devices and properties
- Evolving system
  - ➤ Support existing complex

#### Cryogenic Plant

- 325 MHz: two phase liquid helium at 4.5 K
- 1.3 GHz: saturated He II at 2 K
- Segmentation and Distribution

#### Instrumentation

- Beam loss monitoring
- Beam position monitoring
- Machine protection
- Development of new instruments
  - > In SCRF section



## **Summary**



- Developed an Initial Configuration Document
  - > 2 MW at 120 GeV from MI
  - Additional 8 GeV beam from other experiments
  - Upgrade path to higher beam power
    - Double the repetition rate (5 Hz => 10 Hz)
    - ➤ Double the pulse length (1.25 msec => 2.5 msec)
    - Conventional facilities, cryo plant, utilities designed with upgrades in mind
  - 325 MHz and 1.3 GHz superconducting RF linac
  - Multi-turn injection to Recycler
  - Single turn transfer to Main Injector
- Input to cost range exercise
- Input to RD&D plan:
  - starting point for RD&D, generation of updated configurations